

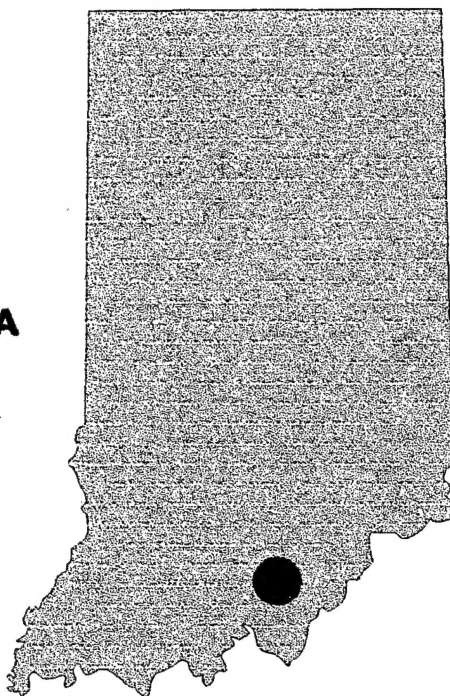
10074



COLLECTIONS SUMMARY FOR JEFFERSON PROVING GROUND, INDIANA

**U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 46**

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A
Approved for Public Release
Distribution Unlimited



19990603 061

**Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division**

**by the
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
*Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management
of Archaeological Collections***

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)		2. REPORT DATE November 1995		3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED Final November 1995	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE An Archaeological Collections Summary for Jefferson Proving Grounds, Indiana				5. FUNDING NUMBERS	
6. AUTHOR(S) U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis, Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX)					
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis, Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (CELMS-PD-C) 1222 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project, NAGPRA Technical Report No.46	
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) U.S. Army Environmental Center, Environmental Compliance Division (SFIM-AEC-ECN), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401				10. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER SFIM-AEC-EC-CR-96119	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES This research was supported in part by an appointment to the Research Participation Program at the St Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers administered by the Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education through an interagency agreement between the U.S. Department of Energy and the St. Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.					
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release - distribution unlimited				12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE A	
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) The U.S. Army Environmental Center tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting the Army in complying with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), P.L. 101-601. The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army lands, to identify the Native American or Native Hawaiian organizations culturally affiliated with the collections, and to draft Section 6 summary letters for each installation. A two-stage process was used to identify, locate and assess the contents of the collections, consisting of archival research and telephone interviews with the repository personnel. This report conveys the results of the collection research completed for the compliance with Section 6 of NAGPRA					
14. SUBJECT TERMS Archaeology; curation; cultural resources management; funerary objects; Native Americans; NAGPRA; Jefferson Proving Grounds				15. NUMBER OF PAGES 33	
				16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT Unclassified	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE Unclassified	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT Unclassified	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT UL		

**AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS SUMMARY
FOR
JEFFERSON PROVING GROUNDS, INDIANA**

**Information Provided for Compliance with the
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act
Section 6 Summary**

**Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland**

**By
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the
Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections,
U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 46**

November 1995

CONTENTS

1	OBJECTIVES AND METHODS.....	1
2	RESEARCH RESULTS.....	2
	Archaeological Investigations at Jefferson Proving Grounds.....	2
	Summary of Archaeological Collections.....	2
	References to Archaeological Investigations.....	4
	Native American Tribes Associated with Jefferson Proving Grounds	4
3	SECTION 6 COMPLIANCE.....	6
4	REFERENCES CITED.....	8
APPENDIX I	DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE MIAMI, KICKAPOO, POTAWATOMI, SHAWNEE AND DELAWARE TRIBES.....	10
APPENDIX II	DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE PEORIA TRIBE.....	12
APPENDIX III	DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE CHEROKEE TRIBE.....	14
APPENDIX IV	DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE STOCKBRIDGE-MUNSEE TRIBE.....	16
APPENDIX V	NATIVE AMERICAN POINTS OF CONTACT.....	18
APPENDIX VI	SUMMARY OF CURRENT LOCATIONS OF COLLECTIONS FROM NEWPORT ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT.....	23

APPENDIX VII	MCX LIST OF REFERENCES.....	27
APPENDIX VIII	NADB LIST OF REFERENCES.....	33

OBJECTIVES AND METHODS

The U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC) tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting Army installation personnel in complying with the requirements of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (P.L. 101-601, NAGPRA). The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army-owned lands, to identify the federally recognized Native American tribes most likely culturally affiliated with the collections, to draft Section 6 Summary letters for each installation, and to conduct physical inventories of any collections that contain human skeletal remains. This report conveys the results of the collections research completed to assist the Jefferson Proving Grounds (JPG) in complying with the Section 6 Summary requirements of NAGPRA.

The MCX used a two-stage process to identify, locate, and assess the contents of archaeological collections from the installation. First, archival research was performed to review all archaeological site records and reports for the installation. Second, telephone interviews were conducted with personnel at installations, universities, museums, and archaeological contractors that were identified during the archival research as possible repositories of Army collections. The MCX did not physically verify the existence of collections and, as such, the information contained in this report is based on background record reviews and information obtained via telephone interviews with the aforementioned installation personnel and institution professionals.

Archival research for the JPG began with a search of the National Archeological Data Base (NADB) for references pertaining to the installation. This was followed by a thorough examination of all archaeological site forms and a literature review of all pertinent archaeological reports and manuscripts on file at the Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology, Indianapolis, Indiana, and at the Glenn A. Black Laboratory of Archaeology, Bloomington, Indiana. The records search was performed at these facilities in July 1995 and sought to identify any work on the installation that may have produced archaeological collections.

Subsequent telephone interviews to potential collections repositories ascertained whether the materials were present and the range of objects in each collection. Once the collections were located and assessed, MCX personnel identified federally recognized Native American tribes that are likely to be culturally affiliated with the materials in the collections. A draft Section 6 Summary letter is enclosed (Appendix I-IV), as well as a listing of the current tribal chairpersons who should be contacted (Appendix V).

RESEARCH RESULTS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS AT JEFFERSON PROVING GROUNDS

Archaeological work on the JPG began in 1976 and has been continued by various groups up to the present. Six groups performed archaeological investigations which included the collecting of artifacts. These groups are:

Algonquin Archaeological Consultants, Inc. (AACI), Cincinnati, Ohio,
Cultural Resource Analysts (CRA), Lexington, Kentucky,
Geo-Marine Inc., Plano, Texas,
Glenn A. Black Laboratory, Bloomington, Indiana,
Indiana State University Anthropology Laboratory (ISUAL), Terre Haute, Indiana, and
Murray State University Archaeology Service Center (MSU), Murray, Kentucky.

Investigations consisted of systematic surveys, test excavations, and excavations to mitigate adverse effects on sites where necessary for the installation's mission. The majority of the sites investigated were classified as prehistoric isolated finds. Some prehistoric lithic scatters and a few historic dumps were also recorded in addition to a single historic structure.

SUMMARY OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS

An approximate total of < 10 ft³ of boxed archaeological materials and associated documentation have been identified for the JPG. Artifacts recovered included prehistoric stone waste flakes, stone tools, and a few fragments of historic glass and ceramics. As of October 1995, these collections were reportedly located in the following six repositories:

AACI, Cincinnati, Ohio	< 1 ft ³ artifacts and documentation
CRA, Hurricane, West Virginia	< 1 ft ³ artifacts and documentation
Geo-Marine Inc., Plano, Texas	4 ft ³ artifacts, 1 linear foot of documentation
Glenn A. Black Laboratory, Bloomington, Indiana	< 1 ft ³ artifacts and documentation
ISUAL, Terre Haute, Indiana	< 1 ft ³ artifacts and documentation
MSU, Murray, Kentucky	< 1 ft ³ artifacts and documentation

The attached *Summary of Current Locations of Archaeological Collections from Jefferson Proving Grounds* (Appendix VI) provides detailed information about each collection derived as a result of archaeological investigations at the installation. A collection consists of all of the materials, artifacts and associated documentation (e.g., field notes, maps, photos, data analyses, correspondence), produced as a result of an archaeological investigation or project at a single site or multiple sites. In some cases, the same archaeological site may have been investigated by various individuals or organizations. Depending on where the resulting collections are curated, they may be stored and identified as separate collections or separate components of a single collection. In cases where the artifacts and records have become separated, we list the records collections repository as well.

Every attempt has been made to locate all collections cited on available archaeological site records or in published and unpublished references to archaeological investigations on the installation. However, because investigations by Geo-Marine were only recently completed, none of the records from their investigations have been available for review by MCX staff. According to Marianne Merrick, lab director at Geo-Marine Inc., the first draft of the investigations report was submitted to Steve Austin, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District, Fort Worth, Texas, for review in August 1995. As of October 1995, no permanent site numbers had been assigned to the approximately 100 sites located during the project, nor had a final curation facility been designated for these collections.

Collections from the JPG currently being held at the office of Algonquin Archaeological Consultants, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio will be moved to Ball State University, Muncie, Indiana for final curation when AACI's final draft report is approved by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in Louisville, Kentucky (telephone conversation with Rebecca Hawkins, 28 August 1995).

Collections from the JPG currently being held at the Hurricane, West Virginia office of Cultural Resource Analysts, will eventually be housed at ISUAL, Terre Haute, Indiana (telephone conversation with Maria Brent, 30 August 1995).

Additionally, Dr. Ken Carstens at Murray State University is in the process of moving collections from the JPG held by MSU to Ball State University for final curation. According to Dr. Carstens (telephone conversation 30 August 1995), this move was initiated by the Army in an attempt to consolidate JPG collections at a single facility. Dr. Carstens is still awaiting official verification from the Army before proceeding with the transfer of these collections.

NAGPRA Related Materials

MCX research identified no human remains or funerary objects during its review of archaeological records, associated literature, and telephone interviews for Jefferson Proving Grounds. The final determination of sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony may be established through consultation with Native American tribes that have met the definition of culturally affiliated tribes and/or lineal descendants and for the objects specified by law in NAGPRA.

REFERENCES TO ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS

Two sets of references regarding archaeological work conducted on JPG are attached: Appendix VII contains the list of references reviewed by the MCX during its archival research; Appendix VIII is the list of references contained in the National Archeological Data Base.

NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES ASSOCIATED WITH JEFFERSON PROVING GROUNDS

Several Native American groups were adjudicated lands on or near JPG in the 1978 Indian Lands Claims cases (U.S.G.S. n.d.). These groups are the Miami, Wea, Piankashaw, Shawnee, Delaware, Kickapoo, and Potawatomi. It is unclear whether or not any of these groups have aboriginal ties to the area in which JPG is currently located, but each is addressed here due to their historical association with and/or claims to the region.

The Miami, Wea, and Piankashaw have been historically associated the southeastern region of Indiana where JPG is located. In the early contact period, Miami-speaking tribes are known to have occupied areas of Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Indiana. The term Miami has been used historically to designate both a specific tribe and a group of related tribes, including the Wea and Piankashaw. In the early eighteenth century, the divisions between these groups became much clearer, and the Wea and Piankashaw retained distinct status and were recognized as independent tribes (Callender 1978b:681). Callender's map of tribal territories of these groups from the early eighteenth through the early nineteenth century depicts Miami, Wea, and Piankashaw territories in or near the JPG region (Callender 1978b:Fig.1). The U.S.G.S. map of Indian Land Claims Judicially Established appears to reflect this historical association of these three groups with the NAAP region: the Miami and Wea were jointly adjudicated lands currently occupied by the installation, while the Piankashaw were adjudicated lands approximately fifty miles from the installation (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

In the early nineteenth century, the Piankashaw and Wea sold their lands in Indiana and moved to Missouri. In 1846 the Miami were forcibly removed to Kansas, although about half the tribe managed to evade removal and remained in Indiana (Callender 1978b:687). By this time, the Wea and Piankashaw had also moved to Kansas where they united with the remnant of the Illinois under the name "Confederated Peoria" (Callender 1978a:679). The Confederated Peoria and the Miami in Kansas were removed to present-day Oklahoma in 1867. In Oklahoma, the Miami joined the Confederated Peoria and formed the "United Peoria and Miami Tribe" (Callender 1978b:681). Today, these groups are federally recognized as the Peoria Tribe of Oklahoma and the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma (Schilz 1994:442-443; Clark 1994:337-338). The Indiana Miami are not presently federally recognized (Clark 1994:337).

Shawnee fragmentation and frequent movements in historic times makes it difficult to assign them to a specific area, although southern Ohio is considered to have been their pre-contact home and is where most of the tribe lived during the second half of the eighteenth century (Callender 1978b:622). Groups of Shawnee have been documented as migrating through the JPG region beginning in the late seventeenth century (Callender 1978b:Fig.1). Tanner (1987:Map 13) depicts Shawnee tribal territory circa 1768 as extending into the southeastern region of Indiana. Today, there are three distinct Shawnee political entities in Oklahoma: the Absentee Shawnee, the Eastern Shawnee, and the Loyal Shawnee. However, only the Absentee Shawnee and Eastern Shawnee are federally recognized. Additionally, the Shawnee Nation United Remnant Band has received state recognition from Ohio (Neely 1994:584). The Shawnee were adjudicated land in southern and northern Ohio in the 1978 Indian Lands Claims cases (U.S.G.S n.d.).

The Delaware began to migrate westward from their homelands in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Delaware in the seventeenth century. At the time of this migration there were two communities of Delaware, the northern or Munsie-speaking and the southern or Unami-speaking communities. During the eighteenth century Delaware tribal territories extended from New Jersey to the Ohio Valley (Goddard 1978a:Fig.1 and Fig.2). During the late 1700s groups of western Delaware settled briefly in areas of Indiana, including the general vicinity around JPG (Tanner 1987:Maps 18, 20 and 21). The Unami Delaware purchased rights in the Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma in 1867 and obtained full Cherokee citizenship in 1890. Some of the Munsie-speaking Delaware are now living among the Stockbridge-Munsee of Wisconsin Tribe. Another group of Delaware lived with the Caddo in Texas until forced into Oklahoma in 1859. This group, the Delaware Tribe of Oklahoma, is the only federally recognized community of Delaware in the United States (Miller 1994:169). The Delaware were adjudicated a share of land approximately fifty miles southwest of the JPG region in the 1978 Indian Land Claims cases (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

The Kickapoo, a group whose movements were so frequent and extensive that they cannot be associated with any one specific area, have joint adjudication of lands eastern Indiana (U.S.G.S. n.d.). At the time of European contact, the Kickapoo were found in southern Wisconsin. By the mid-eighteenth century, the Vermillion band of Kickapoo were living along the western bank and tributaries of the Wabash River, east of the region in which JPG is currently located (Callender et al. 1978:662; Reseigh 1982:28; Tanner 1987). Living with the Kickapoo in the region during this time were the Mascouten, who are known to have lived in southern Michigan and Wisconsin and in northern Indiana and Illinois during the early historical period. After considerable movement and population decline, they were absorbed by the Kickapoo after 1800 (Goddard 1978b:668-669). In 1819, Kickapoo lands were ceded to the U.S. government and by 1832 they were removed to Kansas. Eventually some Kickapoo bands moved into Oklahoma and Texas (Callender et al. 1978:656). There are three federally recognized Kickapoo groups in the United States today: the Kickapoo Tribe of Kansas, the Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma, and the Texas Band of Kickapoo (Stull 1994a:286).

The Potawatomi are believed to have originally inhabited the lower peninsula of Michigan, but have been associated with other areas of Michigan as well as portions of present-day Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio (Clifton 1978:725-726). By 1800, Potawatomi territory included areas north of the JPG region (Clifton 1978:Fig.1). By 1836, Potawatomi lands in Indiana had been ceded, and by 1840 most of their communities had been removed (Tanner 1987:137-138). In the 1978 Indian Lands Claims cases, the Potawatomi were adjudicated lands over 100 miles north of the area in which the installation is located (U.S.G.S. n.d). Although there are federally recognized and unrecognized groups of Potawatomi scattered throughout northern Indiana, as well as other states, the majority still live in Oklahoma and Kansas (Stull 1994b:464).

The Miami, Wea, Piankashaw, Shawnee, Delaware, Kickapoo, and Potawatomi, are represented by fifteen federally recognized tribal entities listed in Appendix V.

SECTION 6 COMPLIANCE

P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) requires that federal agencies engage in active consultation with Native Americans with federally recognized tribes and/or lineal descendants who may be culturally affiliated with the archaeological collections from the installation. Enclosed are draft NAGPRA Section 6 Summary letters and a list of the tribal chairpersons from the federally recognized tribes which may be culturally affiliated with the collections (Appendices I-V).

Fifteen tribes are federally recognized:

- Absentee-Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma
- Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma
- Citizen Band Potawatomi Indian Tribe of Oklahoma
- Delaware Tribe of Western Oklahoma
- Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma
- Forest County Potawatomi Community of Wisconsin Potawatomi Indians, Wisconsin
- Hannahville Indian Community of Wisconsin Potawatomi Indians of Michigan
- Kickapoo Tribe of Kansas
- Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma
- Kickapoo Traditional Tribe of Texas
- Miami Tribe of Oklahoma
- Peoria Tribe of Oklahoma
- Pokagon Potawatomi Indians of Michigan
- Prairie Band of Potawatomi
- Stockbridge-Munsee Community of Mohican Indians of Wisconsin

The Huron Potawatomi of Michigan have petitioned for federal recognition and the Bureau of Indian Affairs published a proposed positive finding on 31 May 1995. They have nearly completed the process of seeking federal recognition (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995).

The Match-E-Be-Nash-She-Wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan (formerly the Gun Lake Village Band) have petitioned the Bureau of Indian Affairs for federal recognition and have been determined to be "Ready and Waiting for Active Consideration" (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995).

The Munsee-Thames River Delaware of Colorado were denied recognition effective 3 January 1993 (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995). The Miami Nation of Indians of Indiana was denied acknowledgment effective 17 August 1992, and the case is presently in litigation (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995).

Other Indian groups have filed letters of intent to petition for federal recognition: Delaware-Muncie of Kansas, Delawares of Idaho, North Eastern U.S. Miami Inter-Tribal Council of Ohio, Upper Kispoko Band of the Shawnee Nation of Indiana, Piqua Sept of Ohio Shawnee Indians, United Tribe of Shawnee Indians of Kansas (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995).

None of these tribes is federally recognized at present and therefore they do not, at present, fit the legal description of tribe as defined for NAGPRA purposes.

Initial consultation should be conducted on a government-to-government basis. Refer to P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) for specifics on required Native American consultation and the legal definitions of items subject to NAGPRA.

REFERENCES CITED

Bureau of Indian Affairs

- 1995 *Summary Status of Acknowledgment Cases*. Bureau of Indian Affairs Branch of Research and Acknowledgment, Washington, D.C.

Callender, Charles

- 1978a Illinois. In Northeast, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 673-680. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, Volume 15, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington D.C.
- 1978b Miami. In Northeast, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 681-689. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, Volume 15, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington D.C.
- 1978c Shawnee. In Northeast, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 622-635. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, Volume 15, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington D.C.

Callender, Charles, Richard K. Pope, and Susan M. Pope

- 1978 Kickapoo. In Northeast, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 656-667. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, Volume 15, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. The Smithsonian Institution, Washington D.C.

Clark, Nicholas L. Sr.

- 1994 Miami. In *Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia*, edited by Mary B. Davis, pp. 337-338. Garland Publishing, Inc., New York and London.

Clifton, James A.

- 1978 Potawatomi. In Northeast, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 725-742. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, Volume 15, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington D.C.

Goddard, Ives

- 1978a Delaware. In Northeast, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 231-239. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

- 1978b Mascouten. In *Northeast*, edited by Bruce Trigger, pp. 668-672. *Handbook of the North American Indians*, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington D.C.
- Miller, Jay
 1994 Delaware. In *Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia*, edited by Mary B. Davis, pp. 169-170. Garland Publishing, Inc. New York and London.
- Neely, Sharlotte
 1994 Shawnee. In *Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia*, edited by Mary B. Davis, pp. 584-586. Garland Publishing, Inc. New York and London.
- Reseigh, William E.
 1982 *An Archaeological Survey of the Newport Army Ammunition Plant, Vermillion County, Indiana, Predicting the Archaeological Potential of an Upland Forest-Prairie Edge in West Central Indiana*. Archaeological Resources Management Service. Submitted to Uniroyal, Inc.
- Schilz, Thomas F.
 1994 Peoria. In *Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia*, edited by Mary B. Davis, pp. 442-443. Garland Publishing, Inc., New York and London.
- Stull, Donald D.
 1994a Kickapoo. In *Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia*, edited by Mary B. Davis, pp. 286-287. Garland Publishing, Inc., New York and London.
 1994b Potawatomi. In *Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia*, edited by Mary B. Davis, pp. 464-466. Garland Publishing, Inc., New York and London.
- Tanner, Helen Hornbeck
 1987 *Atlas of Great Lakes Indian History*. University of Oklahoma Press, Norman and London.
- Waldman, Carl
 1988 *Encyclopedia of Native American Tribes*. Facts on File Publications, New York, New York.
- U.S.G.S.
 n.d. *Indian Land Areas Judicially Established 1978*. Map prepared by the United States Geological Survey for the Indian Claims Commission.

APPENDIX I

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE MIAMI, KICKAPOO, POTAWATOMI, SHAWNEE, AND DELAWARE TRIBES

[Installation Header]

[Tribal POC Name]

[Title]

[Address]

[City, State, Zip]

Dear [Name of POC]:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Jefferson Proving Grounds (JPG) that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the [Tribe]. The JPG has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

The JPG is responsible for collections that include <10 ft³ of artifacts and documentation generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1976 to the present. The collections consist of prehistoric stone waste flakes, stone tools, and some historic glass and ceramic fragments. There are materials resulting from a 1995 survey which had not been individually catalogued at the time this document was drafted, but the contractor who conducted the investigation stated that no Section 5 materials were recovered during the project. Additionally, no human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the records for work conducted prior to 1995.

We are notifying [Tribe] because some of these materials were found in or near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the [Tribe]. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between the JPG and the [Tribe] on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: AMC	Commander, U.S. Army Materiel Command ATTN: AMCEN-ER (Maria Chuck Longo) 5001 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22333
USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

APPENDIX II

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR PEORIA TRIBE

[Installation Header]

[Tribal POC Name]

[Title]

[Address]

[City, State, Zip]

Dear [Name of POC]:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Jefferson Proving Grounds (JPG) that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the [Tribe]. The JPG has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

The JPG is responsible for collections that include <10 ft³ of artifacts and documentation generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1976 to the present. The collections consist of prehistoric stone waste flakes, stone tools, and some historic glass and ceramic fragments. There are materials resulting from a 1995 survey which had not been individually catalogued at the time this document was drafted, but the contractor who conducted the investigation stated that no Section 5 materials were recovered during the project. Additionally, no human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the records for work conducted prior to 1995.

We are notifying [Tribe] because some of these materials were found in or near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Miami, Wea, and Piankashaw descendants in your tribe. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between the JPG and the [Tribe] on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	AMC	Commander, U.S. Army Materiel Command ATTN: AMCEN-ER (Maria Chuck Longo) 5001 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22333
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

APPENDIX III

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE CHEROKEE TRIBE

[Installation Header]

[Tribal POC Name]

[Title]

[Address]

[City, State, Zip]

Dear [Name of POC]:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Jefferson Proving Grounds (JPG) that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the [Tribe]. The JPG has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

The JPG is responsible for collections that include <10 ft³ of artifacts and documentation generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1976 to the present. The collections consist of prehistoric stone waste flakes, stone tools, and some historic glass and ceramic fragments. There are materials resulting from a 1995 survey which had not been individually catalogued at the time this document was drafted, but the contractor who conducted the investigation stated that no Section 5 materials were recovered during the project. Additionally, no human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the records for work conducted prior to 1995.

We are notifying [Tribe] because some of these materials were found in or near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Delaware descendants in your tribe. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between the JPG and the [Tribe] on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	AMC	Commander, U.S. Army Materiel Command ATTN: AMCEN-ER (Maria Chuck Longo) 5001 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22333
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

APENDIX IV

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER FOR THE STOCKBRIDGE-MUNSEE TRIBE

[Installation Header]

[Tribal POC Name]

[Title]

[Address]

[City, State, Zip]

Dear [Name of POC]:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Jefferson Proving Grounds (JPG) that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the [Tribe]. The JPG has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

The JPG is responsible for collections that include <10 ft³ of artifacts and documentation generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1976 to the present. The collections consist of prehistoric stone waste flakes, stone tools, and some historic glass and ceramic fragments. There are materials resulting from a 1995 survey which had not been individually catalogued at the time this document was drafted, but the contractor who conducted the investigation stated that no Section 5 materials were recovered during the project. Additionally, no human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the records for work conducted prior to 1995.

We are notifying [Tribe] because some of these materials were found in or near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Delaware descendants in your tribe. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between the JPG and the [Tribe] on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: AMC Commander, U.S. Army Materiel Command
 ATTN: AMCEN-ER (Maria Chuck Longo)
 5001 Eisenhower Avenue
 Alexandria, VA 22333

 USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
 ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
 Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

 MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
 ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
 1222 Spruce Street
 St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

APPENDIX V

NATIVE AMERICAN POINTS OF CONTACT FOR JEFFERSON PROVING GROUND, INDIANA

FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES

Absentee-Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma

Larry Nuckolis, Governor
Absentee-Shawnee Executive Committee
2025 S. Gordon Cooper Drive
Shawnee, Oklahoma 74801-9381
(405) 275-4030
(405) 275-5637 FAX

Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma

Joe Byrd, Principal Chief
Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 948
Tahlequah, Oklahoma 74465
(918) 456-0671
(918) 256-0671 FAX

Citizen Band Potawatomi Indian Tribe of Oklahoma

John A. Barrett, Chairman
Citizen Band Potawatomi Business Council
1901 S. Gordon Cooper Drive
Shawnee, Oklahoma 74801
(405) 275-3121
(405) 275-0198 FAX

Delaware Tribe of Western Oklahoma

Lawrence F. Snake, President
Delaware Executive Committee
P.O. Box 825
Anadarko, Oklahoma 73005
(405) 247-2448
(405) 247-9393 FAX

Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma

George J. (Buck) Captain, Chief
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 350
Seneca, Missouri 64865
(918) 666-2435
(918) 666-3325 FAX

Forest County Potawatomi Community of Wisconsin Potawatomi Indians

Al Milham, Chairman
Forest County Executive Council
P.O. Box 340
Crandon, Wisconsin 54520
(715) 478-2903
(715) 478-5280 FAX

Hannahville Indian Community of Wisconsin Potawatomi Indians

Kenneth Meshiguad, Chairman
Hannahville Indian Community Council
N14911 Hannahville B1 Road
Wilson, Michigan 49896-9728
(906) 466-2934
(906) 466-2933 FAX

Kickapoo Tribe of Kansas

Emory Negonsott, Chairperson
Kickapoo of Kansas Tribal Council
Route 1, Box 157
Horton, Kansas 66439
(913) 486-2131
(913) 486-2801 FAX

Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma

Ricardo Salazar, Chairman
Kickapoo of Oklahoma Business Committee
P.O. Box 70
McCloud, Oklahoma 74851
(405) 964-2075
(405) 964-2745 FAX

Kickapoo Tribe of Texas

Mr. Raul Garza, Chairman
Kickapoo Traditional Tribe of Texas
P.O. Box 972
Eagle Pass, Texas 78853
(512) 773-2105
(512) 757-9228 FAX

Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

Floyd Leonard, Chief
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 1326
Miami, Oklahoma 74355
(918) 542-1445
(918) 542-1445 FAX

Peoria Tribe of Oklahoma

Dr. Don E. Giles, Chief
Peoria Indian Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 1527
Miami, Oklahoma 74355
(918) 540-2535
(918) 540-2538 FAX

Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians of Michigan

Joseph B. Winchester, Chairman
Potawatomi Indian Nation (Pokagon Band)
Administrative Center
717 North Front Street
Dowagiac, Michigan 49047
(616) 782-8998
(616) 782-9625 FAX

Prairie Band of Potawatomi

Gary E. Mitchell, Chairman
Prairie Band Potawatomi Tribal Council
14880 K Road P.O. Box 97
Mayetta, Kansas 66509
(913) 966-2255
(913) 966-2144 FAX

Stockbridge-Munsee Community of Mohican Indians of Wisconsin

Virgil Murphy, President

Stockbridge-Munsee Tribal Council

N. 8476 Moh He Con Nuck Road

Bowler, Wisconsin 54416

(715) 793-4111

(715) 793-4299 FAX

APPENDIX VI

SUMMARY OF CURRENT LOCATIONS OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS FROM JEFFERSON PROVING GROUNDS, INDIANA

All collections information has been entered into a Paradox data base file and can be queried by any of the fields listed below, as well as by the name of the installation and by MACOM. The data base will be delivered by the MCX to the U.S. Army Environmental Center upon completion of the U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project. Inquiries for additional information are welcome (MCX: 314-331-8865; U.S. Army Environmental Center NAGPRA Compliance Project: 410-671-1573). The data fields listed in the summary of collections contain the following information:

REPOSITORY:	The current location in which the collection is stored, as of the date of this report.
REPOSITORY POC:	The person contacted by the MCX, or the person to whom inquiries regarding the collection should be addressed.
TELEPHONE:	The telephone number for the repository POC.
COLLECTION ID:	The identifying unit used by the repository to store and/or locate the collection. This can be a unique accession number assigned by the repository, the archaeological site number or project name, the name of the collector of the collection, or another number or name assigned by the repository.
SITE NUMBERS:	The official site number or name only for those sites from which materials were collected. An investigator may have performed work at additional sites but did not collect any materials. Those site numbers are not included in this field.
FIELDWORK DATES:	The date(s) during which the investigation(s) occurred. This information is provided to differentiate between projects that may have investigated the same site repeatedly.
EXCAVATOR/COLLECTOR:	The individual and/or organization that conducted the investigation.

COLLECTION SIZE: The volume or number of objects in a collection, estimated by the repository POC or from project reports.

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS: General material classes of the objects in the collection derived from data provided on site records, in references, and/or by the Repository POC.

ANTIQUITY/ARCH. PERIOD: Chronological or cultural-historical designations recorded on site records or in references specific to the collection.

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: This column contains only those ethnic identifications found in the site records or references specific to the collection. This field is left blank if no such information was recorded.

BASIS OF DETERMINATION: Documents the source of the cultural affiliation information (e.g., site record, oral testimony, reference).

SECTION 5 MATERIALS: Describes the number and kind of human skeletal remains and associated funerary objects in the collection, as indicated by the site records, references, repository management documents, or information from repository POC. If these materials are present or are suspected to be present, NAGPRA Section 5 requires a physical inventory of the materials.

Summary of Current Location of Archaeological Collections F

As of November 1995

Repository	Repository POC	Telephone	Collection ID	Site Numbers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Cc
Algonquin Archaeological Consultants, Inc., (AACI) 3327 Bishop Street, Cincinnati, OH 45220	Rebecca Hawkins	(513) 861-3313	Jefferson Proving Ground 1994	12JE-378	Dec. 1994	R. Hawkins, S. (AACI)
Algonquin Archaeological Consultants, Inc., (AACI) 3327 Bishop Street, Cincinnati, OH 45220	Rebecca Hawkins	(513) 861-3313	Jefferson Proving Ground 1994	12JN-306-318, 320, 321; 12RI164-167	Dec. 1994	R. Hawkins, S. (AACI)
Cultural Resource Analysts, (CRA) 2800 Virginia Avenue, Hurricane, WV 25526	Maria Brent	(606) 252-4737	Not Given	12JE-367, 368, 369; 12RI-162	Nov. 19, 1993	Mike Anslinger
Geo-Marine, Inc., 550 E. 15th Street, Plano, TX 75074	Marianne Merrick	(214) 423-5480	Jefferson Proving Ground 1995 Survey	Not Yet Assigned; Approximately 100 Sites	May - Jul. 1995	Floyd B. Large (Geo-Marine, Inc.)
Geo-Marine, Inc., 550 E. 15th Street, Plano, TX 75074	Marianne Merrick	(214) 423-5480	Jefferson Proving Ground 1995 Survey	Not Yet Assigned; Approximately 100 Sites	May - Jul. 1995	Floyd B. Large (Geo-Marine, Inc.)
Glenn A. Black Archaeology Laboratory Basement, Bloomington, IN	Noel Justice	(812) 855-0022	2710	12RI-12	Jan. 19, 1976	Guendling (Glenn A. Black Lab.)
Glenn A. Black Archaeology Laboratory Basement, Bloomington, IN	Noel Justice	(812) 855-0022	Not Given	12RI-29	Feb. 26, 1985	Chris Baltz (Glenn A. Black Lab.)
Indiana State University, Root Hall Basement	Mark Canton	(812) 237-3989	ISUAL #9582	12JE376	Feb. 2, 1995	M. Canton
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	92-232	12RI-153	Nov. 23, 1992	Pam Schenian, Stephen Malas
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 10, 92-231	12JN-266	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 12, 92-233	12RI-154	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 13, 92-234	12RI-155	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 15, 92-235	12RI-156	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 16, 92-236	12RI-157	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 2, 92-223	12JN-258	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian

Location of Archaeological Collections From: Jefferson Proving Ground, Indiana [AMC]

As of November 1995

	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Collector	Collection Size	Description of Materials	Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultural Affiliation	Basis of Determination
	Dec. 1994	R. Hawkins, S. Walley (AACI)	Included in < 1 cu. ft. at AACI	Documentation Only	Pre 1940	Historic American	Site Forms
34-167	Dec. 1994	R. Hawkins, S. Walley (AACI)	Included in < 1 cu. ft. at AACI	Flakes, Bifaces, Cores; Documentation for Historic Structure	Prehistoric Unknown; Historic Unknown	Native American; Historic American	Site Forms
	Nov. 19, 1993	Mike Anslinger (CRA)	< 1 cu. ft.	Tested Cobble, Flakes; Historic Glass & Ceramic Fragments, Composite	Prehistoric Unknown; Historic Unknown	Native American; Historic American	Site Forms
/ 100	May - Jul. 1995	Floyd B. Largent (Geo-Marine, Inc.)	4 cu. ft.	Not Yet Assessed	Not Known at this Time	Native American; Historic American	Phone Conversation with Geo-Marine Staff
/ 100	May - Jul. 1995	Floyd B. Largent (Geo-Marine, Inc.)	< 1 linear ft.	Associated Documentation	Not Known at this Time	Native American; Historic American	Phone Conversation with Geo-Marine Staff
	Jan. 19, 1976	Guendling (Glenn A. Black Lab.)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at Glenn Black Lab.	Point Fragment	Mississippian	Native American	Site Forms
	Feb. 26, 1985	Chris Baltz (Glenn A. Black Lab.)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at Glenn Black Lab.	Hammerstone, Flakes	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms
	Feb. 2, 1995	M. Cantin	< 1 cu. ft. Artifacts & Documentation	Stone Flakes Chopper	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms
	Nov. 23, 1992	Pam Schenian, Stephen Malas (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms
	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Historic Unknown	Historic American	Site Forms
	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Late Archaic	Native American	Site Forms
	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms
	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms
	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms
	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms

quity/Archaeological Period	Cultural Affiliation	Basis of Determination	Section 5 Materials
1940	Historic American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown; Historic own	Native American; Historic American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown; Historic own	Native American; Historic American	Site Forms	None Identified
Known at this Time	Native American; Historic American	Phone Conversations with Geo-Marine Staff	None Identified
Known at this Time	Native American; Historic American	Phone Conversations with Geo-Marine Staff	None Identified
Missippian	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Historic American	Site Forms	None Identified
Prehistoric	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
Historic Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified

Summary of Current Location of Archaeological Collections From

As of November 1995

Repository	Repository POC	Telephone	Collection ID	Site Numbers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Collec
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 3, 92-224	12JN-259	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 4, 92-225	12JN-260	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 5, 92-226	12JN-261	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 6, 92-227	12JN-262	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 7, 92-228	12JN-263	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 8, 92-229	12JN-264	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 9, 92-230	12JN-265	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)
Ordway Hall Curation Room, Murray State University (MSU), KY	Dr. Ken Carstens	(502) 762-4058	Jefferson Proving Ground Project Site 1, 92-222	12JN-257	Jan. 19, 1993	Pam Schenian (MSU)

tor/Collector	Collection Size	Description of Materials	Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultural Affiliation	Basis of Determination	Section 5 Materials
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified
enian (MSU)	Included in < 1 cu ft. at MSU	Not Given	Prehistoric Unknown	Native American	Site Forms	None Identified

APPENDIX VII

MCX LIST OF REFERENCES

In addition to the references reviewed by MCX personnel at the archaeological site information center, every attempt was made to obtain references cited but not on file. Information taken from these references was coded for data relating to collections made from sites located on installation property (see attached sample of PD-C Bibliographic Data Sheet form) and entered into a data base for ease of manipulation.

Report titles were drawn directly from the title page of reports, and consist of the following fields:

FIELD	DATA ENTERED
Subject Property	Army Installation name
Last Name	Primary author's last name
First Name	Primary author's first name
Middle Initial	Primary author's middle initial
Secondary Authors	Names of secondary authors, <i>or</i> in instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed here.
Title	Title of the reference. For letter reports, the person or agency to whom the correspondence is addressed is listed as the title.
Series	If the report is part of a publication series, the name and number are provided here.
Date	Date of publication or submission
Length	Report length in pages
Contract Number	Contract number and delivery order number, if applicable

The data for the next three fields are drawn directly from the report title page and reflect the hierarchy of contracting agencies involved in accomplishing the work. In some cases, the sponsoring agency is listed as the Army installation; in others, the intermediary contracting agent, (e.g., the Army Corps of Engineers or the National Park Service) is listed as the Sponsoring Agency.

Sponsoring Agency	Agency for which the report was prepared
Contractor	The agent contracted to perform the work
Subcontractor	The agent subcontracted to perform the work

The majority of the citations for archaeological investigations on Army land refer to unpublished reports prepared under contract with federal agencies, consequently the MCX printout was designed to address these reports. In instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed in the Secondary Authors field (due to the length of the field). For published references, the publisher is listed in the Sponsoring Agency field.

Page ____ of ____

Fieldwork
Page ____ of ____

NADB No.

PD-C Collection No.

PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet

Date: _____

Information obtained by: _____

PD-C Project:

Subject Property:

Repository (name and location):

Record Collection Name/Number:

Report Date and Length (in pages):

Author(s):

Title:

Contractor/Address or Publisher/Address (city, state):

Subcontractor/Address (city, state):

Report Series and Number:

Contract/Purchase Order Number(s):

Sponsoring Agency/Address:

Project Name and Location:

Principal Investigator(s)/Director(s):

Fieldwork Dates:

Type of Investigation (e.g., survey, testing, mitigation):

PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet (continued)

Site Numbers:

Archaeological Period (e.g., Hohokam, Mississippian):

Material Classes (range):

Artifact Collections and Locations:

Approximate Size of Collections (e.g., number of objects):

Record Collections and Locations:

NAGPRA Materials (Check if present)

Human Skeletal Remains _____

Objects

Associated Funerary _____

Unassociated Funerary _____

Sacred _____

Cultural Patrimony _____

Human Skeletal Remains Data Sheet ☐
Number of Attached Sheets _____

Object Data Sheet ☐
Number of Attached Sheets _____

Cultural Affiliation(s):

Basis for Affiliation Determination (e.g., geographic location, burial practices):

Comments:

MCX List of References for Jefferson Proving Ground, Indiana [AMC] as of November 1995

Subject property : Jefferson Proving Grounds, IN

Last name : Anslinger

First name : Michael

Middle Initial : C.

Secondary Authors :

Title : A Phase I Archaeological Surface Reconnaissance of Two Land Parcels Located within the US Army Jefferson Proving Ground near Madison, Jefferson and Ripley Counties, Indiana.

Series : Contract Publication Series 93-79

Date : 11/29/93

Length : 23

Contract Number :

Sponsoring Agency : PRC Environmental, Inc., Kansas City, KS

Contractor : Cultural Resource Analysts, Inc.

Subcontractor :

Subject property : Jefferson Proving Grounds, IN

Last name : Guendling

First name : Randall

Middle Initial : A.

Secondary Authors :

Title : Archaeological Resources of the Proposed Surface Gunnery Range, Jefferson Proving Grounds

Series :

Date : 01/75

Length : 5

Contract Number :

Sponsoring Agency :

Contractor : Ralph H. Burke Associates

Subcontractor : Glenn A. Black Laboratory of Archaeology, Indiana State University

Subject property : Jefferson Proving Grounds, IN

Last name : Schenian

First name : Pamela

Middle Initial :

Secondary Authors : Stephen T. Mocas

Title : A Phase I Archeological Survey of ca. 74 Acres in Timber Area I and ca. 138 Acres in Timber Area II, on the Jefferson Proving Ground, Jennings and Ripley Counties, Indiana.

Series : Report 93-5

Date : 03/93

Length : 108

Contract Number : DAAD03-92-P-0551

Sponsoring Agency : US Army Jefferson Proving Ground

Contractor : Archeology Service Center, Department of Sociology, Anthropology & Social Work

Subcontractor :

MCX List of References for Jefferson Proving Ground, Indiana [AMC] as of November 1995

Subject property : Jefferson Proving Grounds, IN

Last name : Stafford

First name : Barbara

Middle Initial :

Secondary Authors : Harold Hassen, Edward Jelks, Keith L. Barr, Edwin Hajic, Nancy Asch, and David Asch

Title : An Archeological Overview and Management Plan for the Jefferson Proving Ground, Jefferson, Jennings, and Ripley Counties, Indiana.

Series : DARCOM Report No. 29

Date : 01/07/85

Length : 110

Contract Number : CX-5000-3-0771, 60903A/0001-1

Sponsoring Agency : US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command

Contractor : US Department of Interior, National Park Service

Subcontractor : Woodward-Clyde Consultants & Center for American Archeology

APPENDIX VIII

**NATIONAL ARCHEOLOGICAL DATA BASE
REFERENCES FOR
JEFFERSON PROVING GROUNDS, INDIANA**

No attempt has been made to edit the National Archeological Data Base format or to correct obvious errors.

Stafford, Barbara, Harold Hassen, Edward Jelks, Keith L. Barr, Edwin Hajic, Nacy Asch, and David Asch

1985 An Archeological Overview and Management Plan for the Jefferson Proving Ground, Jefferson, Jennings, and Ripley Counties. Woodward-Clyde Consultants, Walnut Creek, CA. Submitted to the NPS, Atlanta, GA.